

The art of building bridges

CALA 2016

The Inextricable Linkages between EA and Social Acceptance

How has social acceptance been taken into account in Quebec and how it shapes the EA public participation approach.



October 2016

MONTREAL – VANCOUNVER – TORONTO
QUEBEC – ROUYN-NORANDA – SAGUENAY – SHERBROOKE

PRESENTATION OUTLINE – QUEBEC

- About Us
 Transfer Environment & Society (TES)
- Historical Background of Social Acceptance in EA Defining Social Acceptance, the BAPE and decisions based on lack of Social Acceptance
- Need for Clarity in including Social Acceptance in EA Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources Survey of new expectations and inclusion in the regulatory framework
- Ways Forward to Effective Public Participation

 Beyond regulations: How can the EA be an instrument for decisionmaking...with Communities?



HISTORICAL BACKGROUND OF SOCIAL ACCEPTANCE IN EA

"The <u>outcomes of a process</u> by which the concerned parties build together minimal conditions to put in place"

- Caron Malenfant et Conraud, 2009

"... <u>process</u> whose ultimate goal is not to get the project accepted, but rather to achieve an acceptable project by responding to communities' development aspirations "

- Savard, 2013

"It is a representation of the <u>quality of the trust relation</u> between the organization and the community, throughout the evolution of the project cycle"

- Thomson 2013



Framework to Assess Social Acceptance

1
Sector and
Institutional
Framework

2
Assessment and
Decisional Process

3 Context of Host Community

4 Quality of the Project 5 Trustworthiness of Proponent 6 Meaningful Participation

Source: Transfer Environment & Society adapted with CMM 2010, UQAR 2009



What is the BAPE?

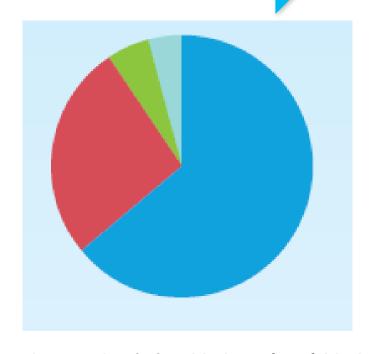


www.bape.gouv.qc.ca



Types of Assignments

- 1. Information and Consultation 64%: 15 to 20 each year, Information Session Only
- 2. Public Hearing Inquiry 26%: 5 to 10 each year; requires a justified request. In 2016, Malartic Expansion approved with social acceptance conditions.
- **3.** Mediation Inquiry 6%: 3 each year, Example: Highways (2) with expropriation
- 4. Public Inquiry and Generic Audience 4%: Strategic industry-level assessment. Ex: Shale Gas and Uranium Industries



Source: Statistics, 2010, updated 2016 BAPE Website.



Decisions based on lack of social acceptance

- Most BAPE recommendations have been favorable with conditions
- The main reason for few refusals? Proponents withdraw their project to avoid media attention around the BAPE. Ex: Wind Farm Projects (3 withdrawals in 5 years)



- Two projects were rejected based on lack of social acceptance:
 - Strateco's Matoush Project (Minister's Notice)
 - Venterra's St-Valérien wind farm (BAPE recommended to withdraw).
- Political decision No political overturn, but additional delays or BAPE avoidance.



Social Acceptance Processes Challenged

- Credibility of the BAPE Still high (e,g. Shale Gas), but challenged, (e,g. no BAPE for Port Daniel and limited BAPE for Energy East)
- Credibility of Proponents Variable, engaging to promote the project versus gathering social conditions of acceptance
- Lack of Regulatory Framework to Social Acceptance has legal effects:
 - 3 class actions have been authorized (2016) by Quebec Superior Court, legally based on "neighborhood nuisances"
 - Strateco's uranium project filed <u>legal</u> <u>pursuit against Quebec Government</u>





NEED FOR CLARITY FOR INCLUDING SOCIAL ACCEPTANCE IN EA MERN'S GREEN PAPER—ADDRESSING EXPECTATIONS

GUIDELINES OF THE MINISTÈRE DE L'ÉNERGIE ET DES RESSOURCES NATURELLES IN THE AREA OF SOCIAL ACCEPTABILITY

GREEN PAPER

GUIDELINE 1

MAKE THE MERN'S ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE AREA
OF LAND USE PLANNING AND LAND MANAGEMENT BETTER KNOWN

GUIDELINE 2

MAKE THE MECHANISMS FOR LAND PLANNING AND LAND USE HARMONIZATION CONTAINED IN PUBLIC LAND USE PLANS (PATPS) MORE TRANSPARENT, PARTICIPATORY AND UP-TO-DATE.

GUIDELINE 3

ESTABLISH PREDICTABLE INFORMATION AND CONSULTATION PROCESSES AT ALL PROJECT STAGES.

GUIDELINE 4

PROMOTE THE SHARING OF BENEFITS FROM ENERGY
AND MINING DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS WITH HOST COMMUNITIES......

GUIDELINE 5

ENHANCE THE MERN'S ABILITY TO ANALYZE THE IMPACTS, ECONOMIC BENEFITS AND REPERCUSSIONS OF PROJECTS BY TAKING SOCIAL ACCEPTABILITY FACTORS INTO ACCOUNT.......



NEED FOR CLARITY FOR INCLUDING SOCIAL ACCEPTANCE IN EA INTEGRATION INTO REGULATIONS?

- Quebec New Mining Law Monitoring Committees, Limitations for Expropriation, Consultation for mining closure, Consultation at Exploration
- Quebec New Hydrocarbons Law Limited inclusion of social acceptance in its regulatory framework (like the old Mining Law)
- New Environmental Law Different processes for different levels of risk, how is it modulated for social acceptance?
- MERN's Green Paper

 Guidelines and Intentions, but a clearer description of population's expectations
- Municipal Buffer Zone case-by-case regulations, e.g. potable water protection/hydrocarbon wells, windfarms and landfills. <u>Nothing for mining</u>.
- Exclusion Zones in Regional-level Land Planning planned in the general law, but not yet in a regulation.



BEYOND REGULATIONS

How can the EA be an instrument for decision-making...with Communities?

- Component Value Public involved in component valuing process including perceived risk and priority concerns.
- **Timing** Public participation to prepare EA is good but too late; best would be at scenario analysis, e.g. world bank and hydropower dams
- **Effective Participation for Hostility** In high levels of hostility, standard public relations simply does not work; only increasing participation level can reduce fear, anger and move to a fruitful dialogue.
- Social Acceptance Conditions and Agreements Legitimate and representative platforms are required to provide and maintain the Social Licence to Operate and to determine the right social conditions.
- Incentives to respond to Expectations and Regulations: Important to resolve the conflict before the BAPE and also meet participation expectations.





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Thank you!

Julie Reid Forget, Vice-president jrforget@transfertconsult.ca

